IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1 through 3 and 5 through 17 by this amendment as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A label switching router having an internal channel share function over an asynchronous transfer mode, comprising:

an ingress forwarding engine adapted to set up a label switched path by using a signaling protocol, extract an egress forwarding engine number of an egress forwarding engine and an internal egress channel identifier that identifies an egress channel, allocate an extension tag that comprises said egress forwarding engine number and said egress channel identifier, search a previously-set internal channel that connects the ingress forwarding engine to the egress forwarding engine, form a forwarding information base/label information base comprising the that comprises the extension tag and a previously-set internal channel identifier that identifies said previously-set internal channel identifier and the extension tag, add a header having the previously-set internal channel identifier and the extension tag to a received internet protocol Internet Protocol (IP) packet by referring to the forwarding information base/label information base, and forward the internet protocol IP packet; and

a merging unit adapted to receive label switched path set information from a peer the ingress forwarding engine, form an extension information base/merging table [[where]] wherein an internal the egress channel identifier is mapped to [[an]] the extension tag, perform merging [[when]] upon receiving [[an]] the internet protocol IP

packet having the extension tag, extract the extension tag, mapping map the extension tag to the internal egress channel identifier, and forward the internet protocol IP packet to an internal the egress channel having the mapped internal channel identifier.

2. (Currently Amended) The label switching router of claim 1, the <u>ingress</u> forwarding engine being controlled by a main control unit, the main control unit being programmed and configured to set up the label switched path by using the signaling protocol, extract the egress forwarding engine number and the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier stored in the forwarding information base/label information base, allocate the extension tag according to the set label switched path, and store the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier and the allocated extension tag in the forwarding information base/label information base, wherein the <u>ingress</u> forwarding engine comprises:

the forwarding information base/label information base for storing and managing a destination internet protocol <u>IP</u> address, the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier, the extension tag and a label;

an SAR receiving unit for reassembling the received internet protocol <u>IP</u> packet, and outputting the reassembled internet protocol <u>IP</u> packet;

a lookup control unit for adding the header having the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier, the extension tag and the label to the <u>internet protocol IP</u> packet by referring to the forwarding information base/label information base, and outputting the

internet protocol IP packet; and

an SAR transmitting unit receiving the internet protocol IP packet having the previously-set internal channel identifier and the extension tag from the lookup control unit, confirming the previously-set internal channel identifier, and forwarding the internet protocol IP packet to the previously-set internal channel identifier.

3. (Currently Amended) The label switching router of claim 1, the merging unit being controlled by a main control unit, the main control unit being programmed and configured to receive the label switched path set information from the [[peer]] ingress forwarding engine, and form the extension information base/merging table where the internal egress channel identifier is mapped to the extension tag, wherein the merging unit comprises:

an extension information base/merging table mapping the internal egress channel identifier to the extension tag, and storing the mapped internal egress channel identifier;

an SAR receiving unit reassembling the received IP packet, and outputting the reassembled internet protocol IP packet;

a lookup control unit programmed and configured to add the header having the internal egress channel identifier mapped to the extension tag to the internet protocol IP packet by referring to the forwarding information base/label information base, and output the internet protocol IP packet; and

an SAR transmitting unit confirming the internal egress channel identifier in the

lookup control unit, and forwarding the internet protocol IP packet to the internal egress channel identifier.

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- 4. (Original) The router of claim 1, the extension tag being indicative of a destination IP address from the merging unit.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The router of claim 1, wherein packets originating from different sources and going to a common destination handled by the router are transferred to said common destination via a single previously-set internal channel.
 - 6. (Currently Amended) The router of claim 5, said single <u>previously-set internal</u> channel is shared by packets from different sources to transmit packets to said common destination.
 - 7. (Currently Amended) The router of claim 5, wherein only one <u>previously-set</u> internal channel is [[used]] <u>allocated</u> to deliver packets to a given destination handled by said router.
 - 8. (Currently Amended) The router of claim 1, where only one <u>previously-set</u> internal channel is used to handle all packets of said router having a common extension tag.

9. (Currently Amended) A method [[for]] of sharing [[an]] a previously-set internal channel by using a label switching router over an asynchronous transfer mode, the method comprising:

setting up a label switched path by using a signaling protocol, extracting an egress forwarding engine number that identifies an egress forwarding engine and [[a]] an egress channel identifier that identifies an egress channel, allocating an extension tag that comprises the egress forwarding engine number and the egress channel identifier, and forming a forwarding information base/label information base by using [[a]] the previously-set internal channel by an ingress forwarding engine, the previously-set internal channel connecting the ingress forwarding engine to the egress forwarding engine;

adding a header having comprising the extension tag and a previously-set internal channel identifier that identifies said previously-set internal channel and extension tag to a received internet protocol Internet Protocol (IP) packet by referring to the forwarding information base/label information base, and forwarding the internet protocol IP packet by the ingress forwarding engine;

receiving label switched path set information from a peer the ingress forwarding engine, and forming an extension information base/merging table where an internal egress channel identifier is mapped in an the extension tag at a merging unit; and

forwarding [[a]] the received internet protocol IP packet having the extension tag

to an internal the egress channel having the internal channel identifier mapped to the extension tag by referring to the extension information base/merging table at the merging unit.

- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the setting up a label switched path by using a signaling protocol, extracting [[an]] the egress forwarding engine number and [[a]] the egress channel identifier, allocating [[an]] the extension tag, and forming [[a]] the forwarding information base/label information base by using [[a]] the previously-set internal channel by [[an]] the ingress forwarding engine [[step]] comprises:
- setting up the label switched path by using the signaling protocol;

extracting the egress forwarding engine number and the egress channel identifier,

and allocating the extension tag; and

searching the previously-set internal channel, and forming the forwarding information base/label information base having comprising the previously-set internal channel identifier and the extension tag.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the adding a header having the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier and <u>the</u> extension tag to a received internet <u>protocol</u> <u>IP</u> packet by referring to the forwarding information base/label information base, and forwarding the <u>internet protocol</u> <u>IP</u> packet by the <u>ingress</u>

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reassembling the received IP packet, and outputting the reassembled internet
protocol IP packet;

adding the header having the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier, the extension tag and the label to the <u>internet protocol IP</u> packet by referring to the forwarding information base/label information base; and

confirming the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel identifier, and forwarding the <u>internet protocol IP</u> packet to the <u>previously-set</u> internal channel <u>identifier</u>.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the forwarding a received internet protocol IP packet having the extension tag to an internal egress channel having the internal egress channel identifier mapped to the extension tag by referring to the extension information base/merging table at the merging unit step comprises:

performing merging when an internet protocol upon receipt of the IP packet having the extension tag is received;

extracting the extension tag, and mapping it to the internal egress channel; and forwarding the internet protocol IP packet to the internal egress channel having the mapped internal egress channel identifier.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, the extension tag being

- indicative of the internal egress channel the internet protocol IP packet is forwarded to
- from the merging unit.

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- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, only one <u>previously-set</u> internal channel is used to deliver all packets to a common destination.
- 1 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, only one <u>previously-set</u> internal channel is set up to deliver packets having a common extension tag.
 - 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, only one <u>previously-set internal</u> channel is used to deliver packets to a single destination, even when the packets originate from diverse <u>ingress</u> forwarding engines in the label switching router.
 - 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, only one <u>previously-set</u> internal channel is set up and serves as an only path to deliver packets from a plurality of <u>ingress</u> forwarding engines in the label switching router to a single destination in the label switching router.